1727 KING STREET

IN THE CLAIMS:

The following is a complete listing of claims in this application.

1. (currently amended) A method for packet processing for data transmission over an optical fiber, the method comprising the steps of:

segmenting an incoming bit stream of data of at least one service;

adding a tag to a header of each segment, each tag including data identifying a route between a source and a destination end-point of the bit stream;

encapsulating said tagged segment into a Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP) packet in a frame; and

mapping the encapsulated packet into a transmission frame for transmission over an optical fiber.

- 2. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein said tagged segment is encapsulated into a PPP packet in a High bit rate Digital Link Control (HDLC)-like frame.
- 3. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein said transmission frame is a Packet over SONET (PoS) frame.
- 4. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein said transmission frame is a Packet over SDH (PoS) frame.
- 5. (original) The method according to claim 2, wherein said transmission frame is a Packet over SONET (PoS) frame.
- 6. (original) The method according to claim 2, wherein said transmission frame is a Packet over SDH (PoS) frame.
- 7. (original) The method according to claim 3, further comprising the step of scrambling the encapsulated packet before the step of mapping into a transmission frame.
- 8. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein said step of adding a tag includes adding an MPLS tag.
 - 9. (original) The method according to claim 1, further

LAW OFFICES
DENNISON, SCHULTZ, DOUGHERTY & MACDONALD
SUITE 10S
1727 KING STREET

comprising the steps of:

de-packing said transmission frame in a receiver to retrieve said encapsulated PPP packet;

de-capsulating said encapsulated PPP packet to retrieve said tagged segment of a bit stream; stripping off the tag to retrieve said segment of a bit stream; and

assembling a plurality of said segments to re-create the original bit stream.

- 10. (original) The method according to claim 9, further comprising the step of unscrambling a scrambled encapsulated PPP packet, after the step of de-packing.
- 11. (currently amended) The method according to claim 5, further comprising the steps of:

de-packing said Packet over SONET packet in a receiver to retrieve said encapsulated PPP packet in HDLC-like form;

de-capsulating said encapsulated PPP packet to retrieve said tagged segment of a bit stream;

stripping off the tag to retrieve said segment of $\frac{1}{2}$ said bit stream; and

assembling a plurality of said segments to re-create the original bit stream.

- 12. An engine for packet processing and data transmission, the engine comprising:
- a segmentation module for segmenting an incoming bit stream of data of at least one service;
- a tagging module for adding a tag to a header of each segment, each tag including data identifying a route between a source and a destination end-point of said bit stream;

an encapsulating module for encapsulating the tagged segment into a Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP) packet in a frame; and

a mapping module for mapping the encapsulated packet into

-- -

1727 KING STREET ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA 22314-2700 a transmission frame for transmission over an optical fiber.

- 13. (original) The engine according to claim 12, wherein said PPP packet is encapsulated in a High bit rate Digital Link Control (HDLC)-like frame.
- 14. (original) The engine according to claim 12 wherein said transmission frame is a Packet over SONET/SDH (PoS) frame.
- 15. (original) The engine according to claim 13 wherein said transmission frame is a Packet over SONET/SDH (PoS) frame.
- 16. (currently amended) The engine according to claim 12, wherein said tagging module is arranged to add an MPLS tag to a header of each segment.